- An isolated polynucleotide encoding a receptor wherein said polynucleotide is selected
  from the group consisting of:
  - a) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having the deduced amino acid sequence of Figure 1 or a fragment, analog or derivative of said polypeptide; and
  - b) a polynucleotide capable of hybridising to and which is at least 70% identical to the polynucleotide of Figure 1.
  - 2. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide is the polynucleotide of Figure 1.
  - 3. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a polypeptide having the deduced amino acid sequence of Figure 1 or a fragment, analog or derivative of said polypeptide.
- 4. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region that encodes a variant of the polynucleotide of Figure 1, said variant sharing at least 95% amino acid identity with said Figure 1 polynucleotide
- 5. A recombinant DNA construct having incorporated therein a polynucleotide as defined inany one of claims 1 to 4.
  - 6. A cell that has been selected to produce a receptor encoded by the polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.

- 7. A cell according to claim 6 wherein said cell is genetically engineered to produce said receptor by incorporating expressibly therein a recombinant construct as defined in claim 5.
- 8. A cell according to claim 6 wherein said receptor is expressed endogenously.
- 9. A cell as defined in claim 6 which is a mammalian cell.

5

...k

10 and the grade was the state of the state

- 10. A receptor-binding membrane preparation derived from a cell as defined in claim 6.
- 11. A method of assaying a test ligand for binding with a receptor encoded by the polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 4, which comprises the steps of incubating the test ligand under appropriate conditions with a receptor-producing cell as defined in claim 6, or with membrane preparation derived therefrom, and then determining whether binding between said receptor and said test ligand has occured.
- 12. A method according to claim 11 wherein the binding between said receptor and said test ligand is determined by measuring a functional receptor response.
- 13. A method as defined in claim 12, wherein said functional receptor response is a second20 messenger response.
  - 14. A method as defined in claim 13, wherein said second messenger is selected from the group consisting of intracellular cAMP and intracellular calcium ion.
- 25 15. A receptor encoded by the polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 4, in an isolated form essentially free from other proteins of human origin.
  - 16. A ligand-binding fragment of a receptor encoded by the polynucleotide defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.

- 5 18. An immunogenic fragment of a human receptor wherein said receptor is encoded by the polynucleotide defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.
  - 19. An oligonucleotide which comprises at least about 17 nucleic acids and which selectively hybridizes with a polynucleotide defined in claim 1 or complement thereof.